

Speak Korean!

A Korean lesson with Young Suk Chae, associate Sabbath School and Personal Ministries director for the Korean Union Conference:

| COMMON PHRASES | KOREAN | ENGLISH | PRONUNCIATION |
|-----------------------|--------|------------|---------------|
| “Hello” and “goodbye” | 안녕 | an-yeung | [an-yung] |
| “I love you” | 사랑해 | sarang hae | [sa-rang hae] |
| “Jesus” | 예수님 | Yesunim | [Ye-su-nim] |

Korean Adventists take Jesus’ name to create names for their children. For example:

- 예림 (Yerim [ye-rim]) is a girl’s name meaning “Jesus’ coming”
- 예은 (Yeeun [ye-un]) is a girl’s name meaning “the grace of Jesus”
- 예찬 (Yechan [ye-chan]) is a boy’s name meaning “praise Jesus”

What's Your Korean Age?

When Andy, who writes the mission stories that we read, asked a South Korean student for his age, the student replied, “Do you want my Korean age or my international age?”

Andy was shocked at the question. “Korean age” or “international age?”

People count their ages differently in South Korea and other countries in the Northern Asia-Pacific Division than in other parts of the world. Let's say that a Korean boy named Cheulsoo [pronounced:

CHEL-su] is born on Jan. 30, 2010. How old is he now? *[Wait for a child to reply.]*

If you live in North America or Europe, you would probably count the years from Jan. 30, 2010, and say Cheulsoo is seven years old. But in South Korea, Cheulsoo is actually eight years old. That's because a baby is automatically one year old at birth in South Korea. When Cheulsoo was born on Jan. 30, 2010, he was already one year old. *[Ask the children to figure out their Korean ages.]*

Say Animal Names (and Sounds!)

| ANIMAL | MONGOLIAN | PRONUNCIATION | SOUND |
|---------|-----------|------------------|------------------------------|
| Sheep | ХОНЬ | khoni [khon] | maaaaa maaaa (baaing sound) |
| Cow | ҮХЭР | ukher [oo-kher] | umboo umboo (mooing sound) |
| Horse | МОРЬ | mori [mer] | i-haaa (neighing sound) |
| Rooster | ТАХИА | takhia [takh-a] | go-go-go (clucking sound) |
| Dog | НОХОЙ | nokhoi [nokh-o] | heov-heov (barking sound) |
| Cat | МУУР | mor [mor] | meow |
| Bird | ШУВУУ | shuvu [shav-O] | jiv-jiv-jiv (chirping sound) |
| Frog | МЭЛХИЙ | melkhi [mel-khi] | wak-wak (croaking sound) |

How to Say “Go!” in Mongolian

OBJECT OF COMMAND

MONGOLIAN COMMAND

Horse

Choo!

Sheep

Cha!

Goat

Cha!

Cow

Hooj!

Child

Yeow!

Panda Bear

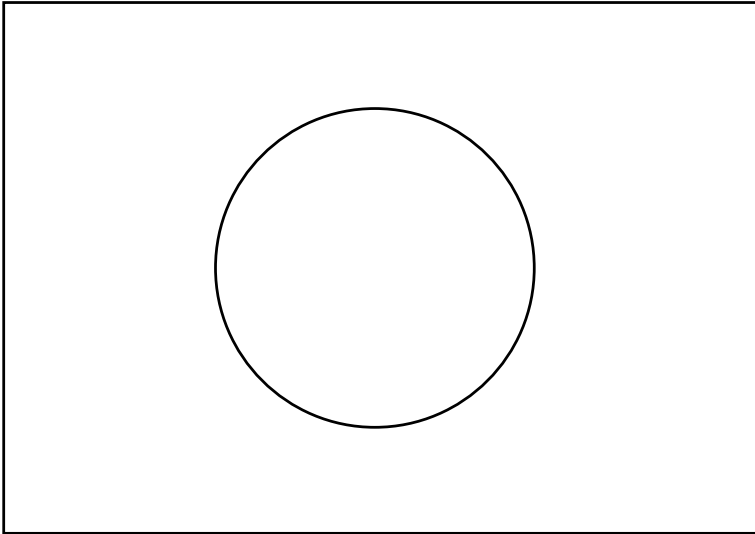
China is home to the panda bear. The panda symbolizes peace, harmony, and friendship. Photocopy this picture and give one to each child to color, then tape them together to create a banner or border for a bulletin board in your classroom. Or enlarge this picture to create an offering goal device (see page 35 for instructions).



Color The Flags

Color the flags where our Thirteenth Sabbath Offering will be going to in the Northern Asia-Pacific Division.

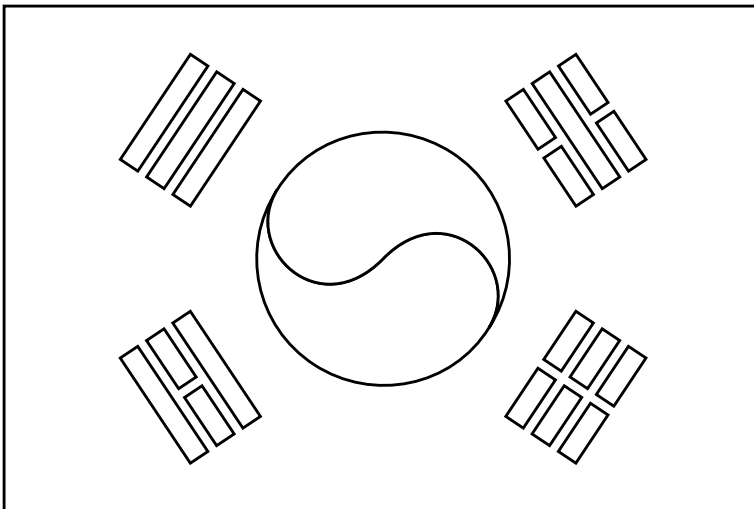
JAPAN



DIRECTIONS

The circle is red and the rest of the flag is white.

SOUTH KOREA



DIRECTIONS

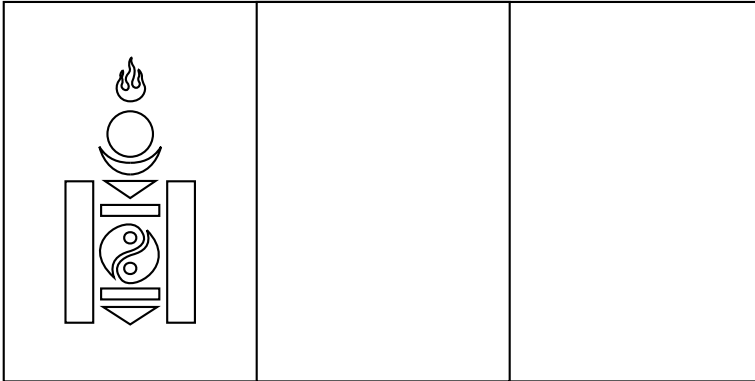
The top part of the circle is red, and the bottom part blue.

The sets of rectangles are black.

The background is white.

Color The Flags

MONGOLIA

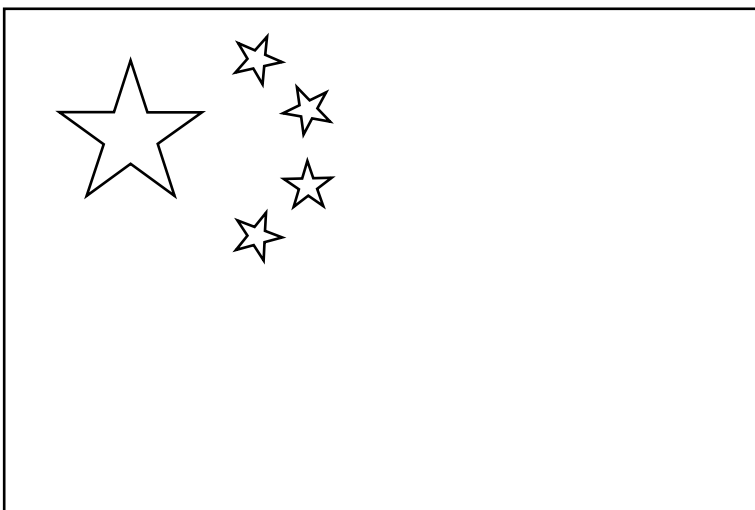


DIRECTIONS

The left and right thirds are red, and the middle third is blue.

The symbols on the left side are yellow.

CHINA

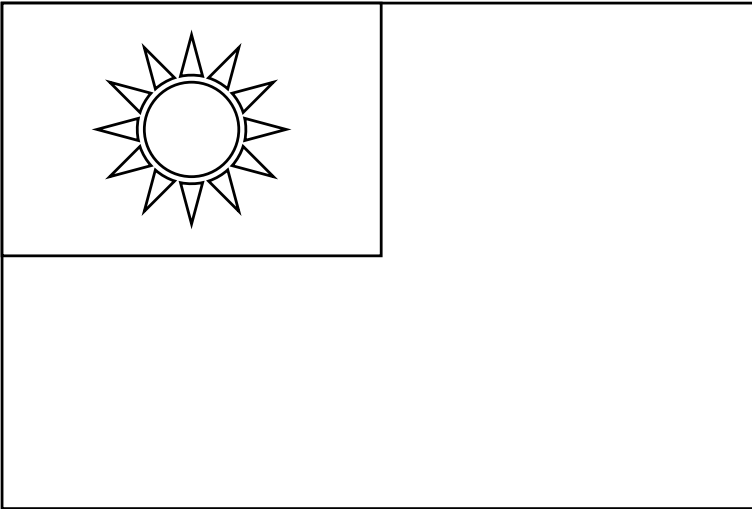


DIRECTIONS

The flag is red and the stars are yellow.

Color The Flags

TAIWAN



DIRECTIONS

The main part of the flag is red.

The square at the top left is blue, and the sun is white.

Sing in Chinese

“JESUS LOVES ME”

(IN CHINESE, WHICH IS SPOKEN IN CHINA AND TAIWAN)

Yeh-soo I wor*, wahn boo tsoo-oh
Yin yoo shung shoo gow** -soo wor
Fan she-ow, hi*** -zuh, joo moo yang
wor sway-ran roo-oh joo chih-ang joo

Joo yeh-soo I wor (3x)
Yo† shung shoo gow-soo wor.

* The “r” sound in “wor” is very soft, like “wohr”

** rhymes with “Ow!”

*** as in, “Hi there!”

† as in “yo-yo”

Watch in Chinese at the link: bit.ly/Jesus-loves-me-chinese